

THE HON'BLE Ms. JUSTICE G. ROHINI

WRIT PETITION No.13978 OF 2007

14th AUGUST, 2007.

Between:

Syed Ahmaduddin .. Petitioner.

And

The Regional Passport Officer, Passport Office,
Secunderabad. ... Respondent.

THE HON'BLE Ms. JUSTICE G. ROHINI

WRIT PETITION No.13978 OF 2007

ORDER:

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The petitioner herein was issued a passport bearing No. V-560946 dated 05-01-1996 valid upto 4-1-2006. The petitioner while seeking renewal of the passport noticed that his date of birth was wrongly entered in the passport as 27-10-1972 instead of 27-10-1975. Similarly, a mistake was crept in the spelling of the petitioner's name. In the circumstances, the petitioner approached the respondent for correction of the name as well as the date of birth in the passport on the basis of the SSC Certificate. However, the respondent refused to receive the petitioner's application. Hence, this writ petition..

I have heard the learned Counsel for the petitioner and perused the material on record.

Despite personal notice served in the office of the respondent on 5-7-2007, the respondent did not choose to appear.

It is to be noted that the Government of India, Ministry of External Affairs, issued circular dated 18.04.2001, which reads as under:

- (a) Where an applicant is seeking rectification/Correction of a mistake in the entry of date of birth/place of birth in the passport, PIA (Passport Issuing Authority) may after verifying/satisfying himself, affect the correction treating the same as a technical correction. There is no need for a declaratory order in such cases.
- (b) Where a competent authority issuing a birth certificate or an educational board registering a date of birth along with place of birth as valid were to issue any correction or amendment, PIA may effect the necessary amendment in the passport without insisting on a Court Order. As per the provisions of Section 21 of the General clauses Act, 1997, a competent authority issuing a certificate could also make necessary amendments to the same.
- (c) Where the initial entry has been made on the basis of a supportive document issued by one competent authority and the applicant subsequently requests for a change on the basis of a

certificate issued by another competent authority i.e., municipal authorities resulting in conflicting sources of valid proof, the PIA should direct the applicant to obtain a civil order from a competent Court of jurisdiction, certifying the valid date of birth/place of birth.”

Having considered the above circular, this Court in **Ali Imran v. Regional Passport Officer, Secunderabad** ^[1] held that as per the circular dated 18.04.2001, it is permissible to accept the applications for rectification/correction of the entries in the passport.

The learned counsel for the petitioner submits that the corrections sought by the petitioner in the passport are only technical corrections falling under clause (a) of the Circular. In support of his submission the learned counsel relied upon the decision in **Asra Begum v. Regional Passport Officer, Secunderabad** ^[2].

Having regard to the facts and circumstances of the case and following the decision of this Court in **Ali Imran’s case** (1 supra), the writ petition is disposed of granting liberty to the petitioner to make a fresh application along with relevant material to substantiate his correct date of birth and name within a period of two weeks from the date of receipt of a copy of this order. If any such application is made, the respondent is directed to receive and consider the same in accordance with the Circular dated 18.04.2001 and pass appropriate orders and communicate the same to the petitioner within a period of four weeks thereafter.

The writ petition is accordingly, disposed of. No costs.

(G. ROHINI, J.)

14th August, 2007.

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^[1] 2003(3) ALD 625;

^[2] 2004(6) ALD 360.